



## PREFERENCES AS BINARY RELATIONS

1. For all the questions below, the binary relation is represented by a matrix given in an Excel file (.xls or .xlsx).
  - ★ You could implement a Python function converting this file to a .csv file.
  - ★ You could implement a Python function showing a graphical representation of this matrix by using appropriate libraries like networkx and matplotlib.
2. Build a Python function `CompleteCheck` testing if a binary relation is complete.
3. Build a Python function `ReflexiveCheck` testing if a binary relation is reflexive.
4. Build a Python function `AsymmetricCheck` testing if a binary relation is asymmetric.
5. Build a Python function `SymmetricCheck` testing if a binary relation is symmetric.
6. Build a Python function `AntisymmetricCheck` testing if a binary relation is antisymmetric.
7. Build a Python function `TransitiveCheck` testing if a binary relation is transitive.
8. Build a Python function `NegativetransitiveCheck` testing if a binary relation is negativetransitive.
9. Build a Python function `CompleteOrderCheck` testing if a binary relation is a complete order.
10. Build a Python function `CompletePreOrderCheck` testing if a binary relation is a complete pre-order.
11. Build a Python function `StrictRelation` returning the strict relation part of a binary relation.
12. Build a Python function `IndifferenceRelation` returning the indifference relation part of a binary relation.
13. Build a Python function `Topologicalsorting` returning a topological sorting of a binary relation.